

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT District of Oregon

Jury Selection Plan

Adopted by the Court on April 20, 2020 Effective Date: May 15, 2020

> MARCO A. HERNÁNDEZ CHIEF JUDGE

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CHAPTER ONE General Matters	à
Section 1.01	Authority This Jury Plan is adopted by the United States District Court for the District of Oregon in accordance with the provisions of the Jury Selection and Service Act of 1968 (Public Law 90-274), as amended and codified in 28 U.S.C. § 1861 <i>et seq</i> .
Section 1.02	Application This Jury Plan will take effect after approval by a reviewing panel of the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1863(a). The prior Jury Plan will be superseded as of the effective date of this revised Plan. A copy of the revised Jury Plan, as approved by the reviewing panel, will be provided to the Administrative Office of the United States Courts and the Attorney General of the United States.
Section 1.03	Definitions For purposes of this Plan: "Jury Selection Process" will be deemed to include all activities associated with the master and qualified jury wheels relating to the random selection, qualification, summoning, and service of grand and petit jurors. "Chief Judge" means the Chief Judge of this District, or any supervising judge appointed by the Chief Judge. "Clerk" and "Clerk of Court" means the Clerk of this District Court, any authorized deputy clerk, or any other person authorized by the Chief Judge or by this Plan to assist the Clerk in the performance of duties under this Plan.
Section 1.04	Policy It is the policy of the Court that all litigants in this Court, entitled to trial by jury, have the right to grand and petit juries selected at random from a fair cross section of the community in the district or division wherein the Court convenes. It is also the policy of the Court that all citizens in the District have the opportunity to be considered for service on grand and petit juries, and have an obligation to serve as jurors when summoned for that purpose.
Section 1.05	Discrimination Prohibited No citizen will be excluded from service as a grand or petit juror on account of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, or economic status.

Section 1.06 Management Responsibilities In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1863(b)(1), the Clerk of Court will manage the Jury Selection Process under the supervision and control of the Chief Judge, or of such other judge of the District Court as the Chief Judge designates.

The Court finds that electronic data processing methods can be advantageously used for managing this Plan. At the Clerk's option, after consultation with the Chief Judge, a properly programmed electronic data processing system or a combination system employing both manual and electronic machine methods, may be used for all randomized drawings and to perform other clerical and record-keeping jury functions.

In the event of an emergency, computer malfunction, or any overt or obvious deviation from this Plan caused by automation, the Clerk, with the approval of the Chief Judge, will manually, or by alternative electronic methods, proceed from the last step correctly implemented to manage the Plan.

Section 1.07 Delegation of Clerk's Management Responsibilities

In accordance with 28 U.S.C. §§ 1863(b)(1) and 1869(a), the Clerk of Court may delegate responsibility for the day-to-day operation of the Jury Selection Process to any authorized deputy clerk, or to any authorized non-court person or agency.

The Clerk may use the services of non-court personnel to assist in the Jury Selection Process. For purposes of this Plan, the phrase "*non-court personnel*" may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) County or State of Oregon officials, and their employees or agents, who are responsible for custody and maintenance of the source lists identified in Section 2.01 of this Plan.
- (b) Owners, employees, operators and/or agents of computer or data processing centers, bar-coding facilities, mail handling centers, document reproduction facilities, and optical scanning facilities, and similar facilities whose services are requested or employed by the Clerk to support the Jury Selection Process.
- (c) Other non-court administrative or clerical persons whose services are requested or employed by the Clerk to select, process, and/or mail the various documents and records involved in the Jury Selection Process.

Section 1.08	Jury Management Divisions (See 28 U.S.C. § 1869(e) and Local Rule 3-2) In order to facilitate the Jury Selection Process, the Clerk is directed to align Oregon's counties into the following jury management divisions:	
	(a)	Portland Division: Clackamas, Clatsop, Columbia, Hood River, Jefferson, Multnomah, Polk, Tillamook, Wasco, Washington, and Yamhill.
	(b)	Pendleton Division: Baker, Crook, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, Malheur, Morrow, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, and Wheeler.
	(c)	Eugene Division: Benton, Coos, Deschutes, Douglas, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, and Marion.
	(d)	Medford Division: Curry, Jackson, Josephine, Klamath, and Lake.
	The Pl the ma single	arate divisional master wheel will be maintained for each division. an applies to each of the divisional master wheels, which comprise ster wheel for the district. Jurors will be selected for service from a division or from any combination of divisions as the Chief Judge om time to time direct.
Section 1.09	Emptying and Refilling the District and Divisional Master Jury Wheels	
	The Clerk of Court will create and maintain a master jury wheel for each of the divisions within the District. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. §1863(b)(4), the Clerk is directed to empty and refill the master jury wheels every odd-numbered year between January 1st and October 31st. If additional time is needed to empty and refill the master jury wheels, permission must be obtained from the Chief Judge of the Circuit.	
Section 1.10		ying and Refilling the District and Divisional Qualified Wheels
	wheels numbe	the master jury wheels are emptied, the existing qualified jury will continue to be used until the Clerk determines that an adequate or of persons from the new master jury wheels have been qualified. time, the old qualified jury wheels will be emptied and new

qualified jury wheels created. Summoned jurors from previous qualified jury wheels may serve at the same time with jurors selected from later qualified jury wheels.

Section 1.11 Method and Manner for the Random Selection of Jurors The randomized selection procedures set forth in this Plan must ensure that the names chosen will represent all segments of the source lists from which drawn, and that the mathematical odds of any single name being selected are substantially equal.

> Purely Randomized Process: The selection of names from the (a) complete source list databases in electronic media for the master jury wheels may be accomplished by a purely randomized process through a properly programmed electronic data processing system. Similarly, at the option of the Clerk and after consultation with the Chief Judge, a properly programmed electronic data processing system for purely randomized selection may be used to select names from the master wheel for the purpose of determining qualification for jury service, from the qualified wheel for summoning persons to serve as grand or petit jurors, from the pool of jurors to serve as a panel, and from the panel of jurors to serve as a jury. Such random selections of names from the source lists for inclusion in the master wheels by data computer personnel must ensure that each county within the jury division is substantially proportionally represented in the master jury wheel in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1863(b)(3). The purely randomized selection procedure may be used for all drawings. (See Section 2.03 herein for the procedures to ensure proper proportional county representation in the divisional master jury wheels.)

(b) Manual Randomized Selection of Jury Panels and Petit Juries

After the jurors have been summoned, the Clerk has the option, after consultation with the Chief Judge, to randomly select jurors manually for petit or grand jury panels and for petit juries for specific cases by:

(1) preserving the computer prepared random sequence of the names of jurors summoned and assigning jurors to panels in the order listed; or preserving the computer prepared random sequence of the names of jurors impaneled and assigning jurors to petit juries in the order listed; or

(2) drawing names at random from a box, jury wheel, or similar container containing the names of the present pool or panel of jurors.

Section 1.12 General Notice In accordance with 28 U.S.C. §1864(a), the Clerk will post a general notice for public review in the Clerk's Office and on the Court's public website explaining the process by which names are periodically and randomly drawn from the source list and the master and qualified wheels.

Section 1.13 Protection of Jurors' Employment

No employer can discharge, threaten to discharge, intimidate, or coerce any permanent employee over such employee's jury service, or the attendance or scheduled attendance in connection with such jury service. Any employer who violates the provisions of this section will be subject to penalties specified by 28 U.S.C. § 1875.

Section 1.14 Modifications

Modifications to this Plan may be made from time to time by this Court, upon approval of the Ninth Circuit Reviewing Panel of the Judicial Council, and must be made when so directed by the Reviewing Panel.

Section 2.01	Source Lists (See 28 U.S.C. §§ 1861 and 1863(b)(2) and (3))		
	0	: The Court finds that Oregon county voter a fair cross section of the citizens residing the District of Oregon.	
Section 2.02	Size of the Master Jury Wheels (<i>See</i> 28 U.S.C. § 1863(b)(4)) After consultation with the Chief Judge, the Clerk has the option of using the entire source lists within each jury division as the master jury wheel. If it is determined that the total number of names contained on the approved source lists is cumbersome and unnecessary for juror management purposes, the Clerk is authorized to randomly select from the source lists of the counties within each jury division the following minimum number of names to initially fill the master jury wheels. These numbers are deemed sufficient to qualify prospective jurors for a two-year period.		
	Portland Division:	at least 65,000 names	
	Pendleton Division:	at least 4,000 names	
	Eugene Division:	at least 10,000 names	
	Medford Division:	at least 10,000 names	
	The Chief Judge may orde jury wheels from time to t	er additional names to be placed in the master ime as necessary.	
Section 2.03	Substantial Proportional Representation and the Master Jury Wheels In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1863(b)(3) and Section 1.08 herein, if the entire source lists are not used as the master jury wheel for a division, the Clerk will conduct the following procedures to ensure that each county is substantially proportionally represented in the master jury wheel for their appropriate jury division:		

(a) Obtain the approved source lists for each Oregon county;

(b) In accordance with Section 2.02 herein, and with the concurrence of the Chief Judge, the Clerk will determine the number of names required from each jury division to fill the master jury wheel;

	EXAMPLE
Jury Division	Number of Names to be Randomly Selected
Medford	10,000

- (c) From the approved source lists, the Clerk will then:
 - (1) Align county source data into the appropriate jury divisions;
 - (2) Determine the total number of names of each county's approved source list;
 - (3) Determine the total number of names of all the counties within a particular jury division;
 - (4) Calculate each county's proportional share of the total number of names on the approved source list for each jury division by dividing the total number of names on each county's approved source list by the total number of names of all the counties within a particular jury division;

(e.g., 10,111 (Curry Co.) ÷ 59,665 (Total Medford Division) = .169 x 100 = 16.9%)

(5) Calculate the number of names required to be initially randomly drawn from each county's approved source list in order to ensure that each county is substantially proportionally represented in the number of names for the particular jury division by multiplying the total number of names needed in the master jury wheel for a particular jury division by the proportional representation of each county as calculated in subsection (4) above.

(e.g., 10,000 (total number of names needed for Medford Master Jury Wheel) x 16.9% = 1,690 names to be selected from Curry County for the master jury wheel)

frc		EXAMPLE Random Selections in the Medford	
County	Total Names	Percent of Division Total	Individual County's Proportional Share of 10,000 Names
Curry	10,111	16.9%	1,690
Jackson	20,222	34.0%	3,400
Josephine	15,333	25.7%	2,570
Lake	5,444	9.1%	910
Klamath	8,555	14.3%	1,430
Total	59,665	100.0%	10,000

(d) Employ random selection procedures to select names from each county to fill the master jury wheels in accordance with Section 1.11 herein.

Section 2.04

Filling the Master Jury Wheels

Once the names for each county have been randomly selected, the Clerk will combine and randomly sort all jury division names and enter them into the master jury wheel for the appropriate jury divisions.

CHAPTER THREE

Drawing Names from the Master Jury Wheel, Juror Qualification, and the Qualified Jury Wheel

Section 3.01	From randor	ing Names from the Master Jury Wheel time to time as directed by the Chief Judge, the Clerk must draw at n from the master jury wheel of each division, the names of as many as as may be required for jury service in each division. 28 U.S.C. § a).
Section 3.02	The C persor § 1864 qualifi days. online to con	Qualification Questionnaires lerk will mail a juror qualification questionnaire notice to every randomly selected pursuant to Section 3.01 of this Plan. 28 U.S.C. (a). The notice will direct the juror to complete a juror cation questionnaire through the Court's internet website within ten If a juror does not complete the juror qualification questionnaire , a paper copy of the questionnaire will be mailed with instructions uplete and return the questionnaire to the Clerk by mail within ten f receipt, unless the original notice was returned undeliverable.
Section 3.03	If a pe the Cl the Cl 1864(a otherw	re to Submit a Juror Qualification Questionnaire rson fails to submit a completed juror qualification questionnaire, erk may issue a summons to the person directing them to appear in erk's Office to complete the qualification questionnaire. 28 U.S.C. § a). No juror fees or costs for this appearance will be paid, unless vise ordered by the Court. 28 U.S.C. § 1864(b) lists the penalties ay be imposed by the Court.
Section 3.04	Determining Juror Qualification Status The Chief Judge, upon the recommendation of the Clerk, or the Clerk of Court or designee, under the supervision of the Court, will determine solely on the basis of information provided on the juror qualification questionnaire and other competent evidence whether a person is unqualified for, exempt, or to be excused from jury service. 28 U.S.C. § 1865(a). The Clerk must enter such determination on the questionnaire or in the jury management database. The duration of such determination ends upon refill of the Master Jury Wheel.	
	(a)	Disqualification from Jury Service: In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1865(b), any person will be deemed qualified to serve on grand and petit juries in this District unless such person:
		(1) is not a citizen of the United States, is less than 18 years old, or has not resided for a period of one year within the judicial district;

- (2) is unable to read, write, and understand the English language with a degree of proficiency sufficient to satisfactorily fill out the juror qualification questionnaire;
- (3) is unable to speak the English language;
- (4) is incapable, by reason of mental or physical infirmity, to render satisfactory jury service; or
- (5) has a charge pending against him for the commission of, or has been convicted in a State or Federal court of record of, a crime punishable by imprisonment for more than one year and his civil rights have not been restored.

Notice of persons who identify themselves as non-citizens through the juror qualification process will be provided to appropriate election officials for verifying voter registration eligibility.

- (b) Exemption from Jury Service: In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1863(b)(6), the following persons are barred from jury service on the grounds that they are exempt:
 - (1) members in active service in the Armed Forces of the United States;
 - (2) members of the fire or police departments of any state, district, territory, possession, or subdivision thereof; and
 - (3) public officers in the executive, legislative, or judicial branches of the Government of the United States, or any state, district, territory, possession or subdivision thereof, who are actively engaged in the performance of their official duties. A "public officer" means a person who is elected to public office or who is directly appointed by a person elected to public office.

(c) Excuses From Jury Service on Individual Request

(1) <u>Permanent Excuse:</u> In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1863(b)(5)(A) and (B), the Court finds that jury service by members of the following occupational classes or groups of persons would entail undue hardship or extreme inconvenience to the members thereof, and the excuse of such members would not be inconsistent with §§ 1861 and 1862 of 28 U.S.C., and will be granted upon individual written request to those:

- (A) persons age 70 years or older;
- (B) persons having responsibility for providing in-home care and custody, or home-schooling, of a child or children during normal business hours;
- (C) persons who are essential to the care of aged or infirm persons;
- (D) persons who have served as grand or petit jurors in a state, federal, territorial, or commonwealth court within the past two years; or
- (E) persons who serve a public agency without compensation as volunteer safety personnel (such as firefighters or members of a rescue squad or ambulance crew).
- (2) **Temporary Excuse:** Upon application showing undue hardship or extreme inconvenience, any qualified juror may be temporarily excused from jury service for such period as the Clerk deems necessary. Unless otherwise directed by the Court, those individuals temporarily excused from jury service should either be summoned again for jury service with their pool if it is deferred, or their names should be reinserted into their respective qualified jury wheel for possible future selection.

Section 3.05 Qualified Jury Wheel

The Clerk must maintain a separate qualified jury wheel for each jury division within the District and will place in such wheels the names of all persons randomly selected from their respective master jury wheel who are determined to be qualified to serve as jurors and are not exempt or excused from service pursuant to this Plan.

CHAPTER FOUR Selection of Grand and Petit Jurors

Section 4.01 Selection and Impanelment of Grand and Petit Jurors (See 28 U.S.C. § 1866(a)) The Clerk, under the supervision of the Judges, will draw at random from

The Clerk, under the supervision of the Judges, will draw at random from the qualified jury wheels the names of as many persons as may be required for assignment to grand and petit jury panels in the District. (See Section 1.11 herein for random selection procedures.)

Section 4.02 Summoning Grand and/or Petit Jurors (See 28 U.S.C. § 1866(b)) The Clerk will issue and serve personally or send by first class mail summonses to the persons whose names are so drawn, directing them to report for impanelment as the judges may prescribe.

Section 4.03 Juror Utilization Practices

Unless otherwise directed by the court, prospective jurors summoned for a particular day of jury service will be available for assignment by the clerk to grand or petit jury panels. Pooling of jurors, staggered trial start times, and multiple *voir dires* may be utilized in the assignment of jurors to grand and/or petit jury panels.

Section 4.04 Petit Jury Term – One Day Appearance/One Trial/One Week or One Deferral

It is the policy of the District of Oregon that all prospective petit jurors serve "one day" or "one trial" during a one week "on call" term of service. Petit jurors appearing in the United States District Court for the District of Oregon may, upon completion of their "one day" or "one trial" service, be released from further jury service obligations for a period of not less than two years. If the trial is postponed or canceled and there are no other trials scheduled during that particular "on call" week, the prospective jurors will be notified, prior to their appearance, that their service will be deferred to a future date. If the deferred prospective jurors are not required to appear for jury service during this second "on call" week, they will be notified by the Court that they will be released from further jury service obligations for a period of not less than two years. The Court reserves the right to modify the provisions of this petit jury policy when the interests of justice so require.

Section 4.05 Petit Jury Pool or Panel If a current petit jury pool or panel contains more persons than reasonably needed for the selection of a jury in a specific case, the Clerk shall select

at random, the number of persons the Judge determines should be called. (See Section 1.11 herein for random selection procedures.)

Section 4.06 Disclosure of Petit Juror Information

- (a) To Attorneys and Parties: When the Clerk has assigned a venire panel to a particular trial, the list of names so assigned may be furnished to the attorneys for the parties and any parties appearing *pro se* in said trial at the beginning of jury selection, unless otherwise ordered by the trial judge. Notwithstanding this general policy, any trial judge may order the Clerk to keep jurors' names confidential in any case where the interests of justice so require.
- (b) To the Public and the Media: The names of prospective and sitting petit jurors will be disclosed to the public or media only upon order of the Court. Applications for disclosure of petit juror names to the media or public must be made by motion (with a memorandum of authorities) to the presiding judge. The presiding judge may order the Clerk to keep the jurors' names confidential in any case where the interests of justice so require.

Section 4.07 Grand Jury Impanelment (See 28 U.S.C. § 1863(b)(8)) One or more grand juries will be impaneled for this district or any division or combined divisions of this district in accordance with court orders issued by the Chief Judge. The impanelment of every regular or special grand jury will not be conducted in open court or within public view.

- (a) **Divisional Grand Juries:** If a grand jury is to be impaneled for service in a division only, the Clerk will draw at random from the qualified wheel of that division such number of prospective grand jurors as the Chief Judge may direct.
- (b) Combined Divisional or Entire District Grand Juries: If a grand jury is to be impaneled for service in combined divisions or in the entire district, the Clerk will draw at random from the qualified wheel of each division such number of prospective grand jurors as the Chief Judge may direct, in the same ratio that the number of registered voters in each division bears to the total number of registered voters in the combined divisions or in the district.

Section 4.08Term of Regular Grand JuryEach grand jury will serve until discharged by the Chief Judge, but no
regular grand jury will serve more than 18 months unless the Court
extends the service of the grand jury upon a determination that such
extension is in the public interest, in accordance with Rule 6(g) of the

Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Alternate Grand Jurors

Section 4.09 Term of Special Grand Jury

Each Special Grand Jury as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3331, will serve for a term of 18 months unless an order for its discharge or an extension of its term is entered by the Court in accordance with Sections 3331 or 3333 of 18 U.S.C.

Section 4.10

The Court may direct that alternate grand jurors be selected at the same time a grand jury is selected. Alternate grand jurors, in the order in which they were selected, may thereafter be impaneled to replace excused grand jurors. Alternate grand jurors will be drawn in the same manner and must have the same qualifications as the regular grand jurors, and if impaneled, must be subject to the same challenges, will take the same oath, and have the same authority as the regular grand jurors.

Section 4.11 Disclosure of Grand Juror Information (See 28 U.S.C. § 1863(b)(7))

Except as authorized by written order of the Court, the names and information relating to any summoned or serving grand juror or grand jury panel will be confidential and not disclosed to any litigant or member of the public. Applications for disclosure of grand juror information must be made by motion (with a memorandum of authorities) to the Chief Judge and must set forth why disclosure should be allowed.

Section 5.01	Exclusion or Excuse from Jury Service Except as provided elsewhere in this Plan, no person or class of persons will be disqualified, excluded, excused, or exempted from service as jurors; provided, however, that any person summoned for jury service may be:		
	(a)	excluded by the court on the grounds that such person may be unable to render impartial jury service or that his service as a juror would be likely to disrupt the proceedings;	
	(b)	excluded upon peremptory challenge as provided by law;	
	(c)	excluded pursuant to the procedure specified by law upon a challenge by any party for good cause shown;	
	(d)	excluded upon determination of the Court, after hearing in open court, that service as a juror would be likely to threaten the secrecy of the proceedings, or otherwise adversely affect the integrity of jury deliberations, and that exclusion of such person will not be inconsistent with the policy stated in 28 U.S.C. §§ 1861 and 1862.	
Section 5.02	Jury Service Limit In any two-year period, no person will be required to:		
	in any		
	(a)	serve or attend Court for prospective service as a petit juror for a total of more than thirty (30) days, except when necessary to complete service in a particular case, or	
	(b)	serve on more than one grand jury, or	
	(c)	serve as both a grand and petit juror.	
Section 5.03	When under the jur	anent Exclusion or Excuse from Jury Service ever a person is permanently excluded or excused from jury service this Chapter, the Clerk will note the same on the questionnaire or in by management database. The duration of the permanent exclusion use ends upon refill of the Master Jury Wheel.	

CHAPTER SIX Disclosure and Retention of Jury Selection Records

Section 6.01	Release of Jury Plan Information The Clerk is authorized to provide a copy of this Jury Plan to any person requesting information about the Jury Selection Process, and may post the Plan to the court's public website. All other requests for information about the Jury Selection Process must be submitted in writing (with a memorandum of authorities) to the Clerk of Court, who will confer with the Chief Judge prior to releasing any information.
Section 6.02	Release of Juror Records (<i>See</i> 28 U.S.C. § 1867(f)) The contents of records and papers used in the Jury Selection Process will not be disclosed, except upon written order of the Court. Applications for disclosure of records related to the Jury Selection Process must be made by motion (with a memorandum of authorities) to the Chief Judge and must set forth why disclosure should be allowed.
Section 6.03	Retention of Juror Records In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1868, the Clerk will keep all records and papers relating to the Jury Selection Process for four years following the emptying and refilling of the master jury wheels and the completion of service of all jurors selected from those master jury wheels, or for such longer periods of time as the Court may require. Such records may then be destroyed, providing the means used ensures the privacy of their contents.
Section 6.04	Request to Inspect Juror Records (<i>See</i> 28 U.S.C. § 1868) Applications to inspect Jury Selection Process records to determine the validity of the selection of any jury must be made by motion (with a memorandum of authorities) to the Chief Judge and must set forth why disclosure should be allowed.

DONE on behalf of the Court, this 20th day of April, 2020.

Marco A. HERNÁNDEZ

Chief Judge